Padma Bridge Paragraph in 300 Words

The Padma Multipurpose Bridge, located in Bangladesh, stands as the nation's longest and most ambitious engineering project. What makes it truly remarkable is that Bangladesh has undertaken this monumental task without relying on foreign assistance. This colossal endeavor represents a significant milestone in the country's development, destined to become the lengthiest bridge upon completion. Crafted from a combination of concrete and steel, this structural marvel extends over 6.15 kilometers in length and boasts a width of 16.10 meters.

The bridge spans from Mawa in the Munshiganj district to Jajira in the Shariatpur district, featuring a dual-layer design. Its upper tier accommodates a four-lane road, while the lower tier accommodates a railway track. As an investment in future infrastructure, the Padma Bridge is equipped to support rail transport, gas pipelines, power lines, and fiber optic cables.

An international and national consultant team, led by <u>ECOM</u>, played a pivotal role in shaping the bridge's comprehensive design. The construction itself was entrusted to <u>China Major Bridge</u>, a subsidiary of China Railway Group Limited, with work commencing on December 6, 2014. By November 2020, an impressive 92% of the construction had already been realized.

As per China Major Bridge Engineering Company, the principal contractor for the Padma Bridge, this colossal structure is slated to open for traffic by April 2022. This monumental undertaking promises to directly benefit over 30 million individuals, covering a substantial 44,000 square kilometers, which accounts for 29% of Bangladesh's total land area.

With a substantial investment exceeding Tk 30,000 crore, the completion of this bridge is poised to deliver substantial socio-economic and industrial progress to the southern region of Bangladesh. Beyond its local impact, the Padma Bridge is set to play a pivotal role in bolstering regional connectivity between Asia and Southeast Asia. This magnificent bridge, a long-standing dream of the Bangladeshi people, is well on its way to becoming a reality.

Even in the face of withdrawal by the World Bank and donors due to allegations of corruption, the Bangladesh government displayed unwavering determination. They resolved to forge ahead and fund the bridge independently, ensuring that construction remains on track. Progress on the Padma Bridge continues steadily, and all stakeholders are optimistic that it will be completed within the established timeline.



Padma Bridge

Padma Bridge Paragraph in 200 Words

The Padma Bridge stands as one of Bangladesh's visionary undertakings, symbolizing a significant infrastructure achievement. Spanning the Padma River, it links Mawa in Munshiganj to Janjira in Shariatpur. This remarkable bridge is a versatile marvel, serving both road and rail transportation needs in Bangladesh. When completed, it will rank as the world's sixth-largest multipurpose bridge.

The Padma Bridge holds the promise of enhancing connectivity between the country's southwest region and the capital city, extending its reach to the eastern territories. Notably, the government of Bangladesh has undertaken the project's funding, demonstrating its commitment to this transformative infrastructure endeavor. The foundation stone for the Padma Bridge was laid by Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina on December 12, 2015.

With a total length of 6.15 kilometers and a width of 18.10 meters, the Padma Bridge boasts a four-lane highway and a single-track railway component. Its 41 spans, each stretching 150 meters and weighing an impressive 3,140 tons, exemplify the bridge's engineering prowess. The "Bangladesh Bridge Authority" is tasked with the maintenance of this monumental structure, and the construction responsibilities lie with the "China Major Bridge Engineering Corporation."

As a truss bridge constructed predominantly from steel, the Padma Bridge represents a critical advancement in Bangladesh's communication network. Its completion will usher in a new era for the southwest region's residents, offering improved regional connectivity and economic

prospects. This, in turn, is expected to stimulate industrial development, creating more employment opportunities. Beyond the realms of the economy and transportation, the bridge will facilitate easier access to medical and educational facilities, contributing to the overall wellbeing and advancement of the nation.



Padma Bridge

Padma Bridge <u>Paragraph</u> in 280 Words (For School Students)

The ongoing construction of the Padma Bridge stands as a monumental endeavor in Bangladesh. This ambitious infrastructure project seeks to link the areas of Mawa and Janjira by spanning the majestic Padma River. Upon its completion, it will rank as the sixth-largest bridge globally, serving as a vital thoroughfare for both automobiles and trains.

Underlining its significance, the Bangladeshi government is actively financing this colossal bridge, underscoring its pivotal role in the nation's advancement. The project's inauguration took place on December 12, 2015, when Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina laid the foundation stone.

The Padma Bridge's sheer scale is undeniably impressive. It boasts a length of 6.15 kilometers and a width of 18.10 meters, featuring four lanes for vehicular traffic and one dedicated lane for train transit. Comprising 41 sections, known as spans, each of these spans stretches 150 meters in length and carries a weight of 3,140 tons. The construction responsibilities are entrusted to the China Major Bridge Engineering Corporation, with the Bangladesh Bridge Authority set to assume maintenance duties upon completion.

Upon the Padma Bridge's commissioning, it will usher in a transformative era for Bangladesh. It will seamlessly connect the southwest region of the country with the capital city and the eastern sector, facilitating enhanced travel and fostering robust business growth. Furthermore, it promises to bring economic prosperity by generating fresh employment opportunities.

In addition to its economic impact, the bridge will significantly improve access to vital services such as healthcare and education. It will simplify the journey to hospitals and schools, subsequently enhancing the overall quality of life for m